# European Parliament: Mandate to the Culture committee on a new directive on audiovisual media services 

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On 18 May 2017, the European Parliament gave a mandate to the Committee on Culture and Education to begin talks with the European Council on a new directive on audiovisual media services in view of changing market realities. The mandate has a special focus on the protection of children, new rules on advertising, and a $30 \%$ quota of European works on video-on-demand (VOD) platforms. The mandate, consistent with the amendments that the Culture Committee voted on 25 April 2017, was approved by 314 votes to 266, with 41 abstentions.

When referring to the protection of children, the mandate given by the Parliament seeks to: first, impose the obligation on video-sharing platforms to take corrective measures when users flag content as inciting violence, hatred, or terrorism. Second, prohibiting advertising and product placement for tobacco, electronic cigarettes, and alcohol in children's TV programs and video-sharing platforms. Regarding advertisements, the Parliament defined a maximum 20\% daily quota with flexibility in the adjustment of advertisement periods. Self and co-regulation is also established as a first measure before the direct imposition of rules by the member state authorities.

In order to promote European cultural diversity, the Parliament agreed to the obligation for VOD platforms to offer at least $30 \%$ of European productions. This includes works in the language of the countries of distribution. Moreover, member states will be allowed to require VOD platforms to provide direct or indirect financial contributions to the development of European audiovisual productions. Those contributions should be proportional to the revenues received in the countries where they are being given.

On 23 May 2017, the Council reached a general approach for negotiation with the Parliament. This general approach is in line with some of the above mentioned issues of the mandate given by the Parliament: the quota of European production, the imposition of stringent requirements on alcohol and cigarette advertisements, and the protection of children from harmful audiovisual content, such as hate speech, violence, and terrorism.

The mandate and general approach come as part of the legislative procedure of a Directive proposal presented by the Commission in May 2016 as a part of the

Digital Single Market Strategy (see IRIS 2016-6/3). Both the mandate and the general approach pave the way for negotiations between the Parliament and the Council, which will culminate in the final adoption of a new Directive.

European Parliament, Decision to enter into interinstitutional negotiations: Coordination of certain provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action in Member States concerning the provision of audiovisual media services in view of changing market realities, 18 May 2017
http://www.europarl.europa.eu/sides/getDoc.do?pubRef=-//EP//TEXT+PV+20170518+ITEM-011-08+DOC+XML+V0//EN\&language=EN

Committee on Culture and Education, Report on the proposal for a directive of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Directive 2010/13/EU on the coordination of certain provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action in Member States concerning the provision of audiovisual media services in view of changing market realities, 10 May 2017
http://www.europarl.europa.eu/sides/getDoc.do?pubRef=-
//EP//NONSGML+REPORT+A8-2017-0192+0+DOC+PDF+V0//EN

